

Solutions TCP 10/20/15

- ① this type of system has exactly one solution consistent & independent
- ② this type of system can have (0 or) as a solution consistent & independent
- ③ this type of system has NO solutions (Parallel lines) means Inconsistent
- ④ this type of system has every point on the lines as a solution consistent & dependent
- ⑤ this type of system is hardest to depict

$$\textcircled{6} \quad m_1 = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$b_1 = 0$$

$$y = 2x + 0$$

$$m_2 = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$b_2 = 2$$

$$y = 2x + 2$$

this is an inconsistent linear system

⑦

$$m_1 = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$b_1 = 0$$

$$y = 2x + 0$$

$$m_2 = -\frac{2}{1}$$

$$b_2 = 2$$

$$y = -2x + 2$$

this is a consistent independent system

⑧

$$m_1 = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$b_1 = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x + 0 \\ y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2 \end{cases}$$

$$m_2 = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$b_2 = 2$$

this is a consistent independent system

$$\textcircled{9} \quad m_1 = -\frac{2}{3}, b_1 = 2$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2$$

$$m_2 = -\frac{2}{5}, b_2 = -3$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{5}x - 3$$

this is a consistent independent system

$$\textcircled{10} \quad m_1 = -\frac{2}{1}, b_1 = 4$$

$$m_2 = \frac{3}{1}, b_2 = 1$$

this is a consistent independent system

$$\begin{cases} y = -2x + 4 \\ y = 3x + 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad m_1 = -\frac{1}{4}, b_1 = 2$$

$$m_2 = \frac{5}{4}, b_2 = -4$$

$$\begin{cases} y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 2 \\ y = \frac{5}{4}x - 4 \end{cases}$$

this is a consistent independent system

Solutions ICP 10 120 (1S)

(12) $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2$ } Pa. 16 $6x + 15(-\frac{2}{3}x + 2) = -45$

$$6x + 15y = -45$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x - 10x + 30 = -45 \\ -4x + 30 = -45 \\ -4x = -75 \\ \hline -30 -30 \end{array}$$

$$-4x = -75$$

Part (2) $y = -\frac{2}{3}(18.75) + 2$ X = 18.75

$$\begin{cases} y = -12.5 + 2 \\ y = -10.5 \end{cases}$$

Solution $(18.75, -10.5)$

$$6(18.75) + 15(-10.5) = -45$$

$$112.5 - 157.5 = -45$$

$$-45 = -45$$

(13) Solutions to ICP 10/20 [15]

① $2x = -2x + 2$

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x \\ y = -2x + 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +2x \quad +2x \\ \hline 4x = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{1}{2}}$$

② $y = 2(\frac{1}{2}) = 1$

$$\boxed{y = 1}$$

Solution $(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$

$$y = 2(\frac{1}{2}) = 1$$

$$y = -2(\frac{1}{2}) + 2 = -1 + 2 = 1$$

(14)

Solutions to ICP 10(2011S

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 6y = 12 \\ y = 2x \end{cases}$$

$$4x + 12x = 12$$

$$16x = 12$$

$$4\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) + 6\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) =$$

$$3 + 9 = 12$$

✓

$$y = 2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

②

$$y = 2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{3}{4}}$$

$$\frac{16x}{16} = \frac{12}{16}$$

$$= \frac{6}{4}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2}$$

$$= 1\frac{1}{2}$$

✓

$$\boxed{\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right)}$$
$$\boxed{(0.75, 1.5)}$$

$$y = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2} = 1.5$$

(15) Solutions to ICP 10120115

$$\textcircled{1} \quad -2x + 4 = 3x - 1 \\ +2x \\ \hline 4 = 5x - 1$$

$$x = 5x - 1$$

$$y = -2x + 4$$

$$y = 3x - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -2(1) + 4 \\ &= -2 + 4 \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad x = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 3(1) - 1 \\ &= 3 - 1 \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$\boxed{(1, 2)}$

(16)

$$y = 2x$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} -4.2x + 2(2x) = 4 \\ -4.2x + 4.2x = 4 \end{array} \right\}$$

0 ≠ 4.2

Method ②

$$\begin{array}{r} -4.2x + 2.1y = 4.2 \\ +4.2x \\ \hline 2.1y = 4.2x + 4.2 \end{array}$$

Lines

False statement
Mean Parallel

$$\frac{2.1y}{2.1} = 4.2x + 4.2$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} y = 2x \\ y = 2x + 2 \end{array} \right.$$

parallel lines

No Solutions

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$$\begin{aligned} y &= -\frac{1}{4}x + 2 \quad (1) \\ -5x + 4y &= -16 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} -5x + 4(-\frac{1}{4}x + 2) = -16 \\ -5x - 1x + 8 = -16 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -5(x) + 4(-\frac{1}{4}x + 2) &= -16 \\ -5x - x + 8 &= -16 \\ -6x + 8 &= -16 \\ -6x &= -24 \\ x &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{1}{4}x &= -2 \\ x &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}(4) + 2$$

$$y = -1 + 2$$

$$y = 1$$

Solutions

(18) Solutions to ICP 10/20/15

$$y = -2x + 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left. \begin{aligned} y &= -2x + 4 \\ -16x - 8y &= -32 \end{aligned} \right\} \\ & -16x + 16x - 32 = -32 \\ & \boxed{-32 = -32} \end{aligned}$$

$$\checkmark -16x - 8y = -32$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +16x \\ \hline -8y = 16x - 32 \end{array}$$

$$-8y = 16x - 32$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16x - 32 \\ \hline -8y = \frac{16x - 32}{-8} \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} y &= -2x + 4 \\ y &= -2x + 4 \end{aligned}}$$

True statements
Means two copies
of same line
consistent &
dependent

$y = -2x + 4$
 Since $-16x - 8y = -32$
 Same line

(19)

Solutions to TCP

$$y = -2x + 4 \quad \text{①}$$

$$-16x - 8y = 32$$

$$-16x + 16x - 32 = 32$$

$$0 - 32 = 32$$

$$-32 \neq 32$$

Since False Statement
These are parallel
lines

No Solutions

$$\begin{array}{l} -16x - 8y = 32 \\ +16x \\ \hline -8y = 16x + 32 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -8y = 16x + \frac{32}{-8} \\ \hline y = -2x - 4 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} y = -2x + 4 \\ y = -2x - 4 \end{array}}$$

$$\boxed{y = -2x + 4}$$